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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/539,255	05/01/2006	Jorgen Glaesel	2081-0134PUS1	2445
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			EXAMINER	
			MCEVOY, THOMAS M	
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3731	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/24/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mailroom@bskb.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	10/539,255	GLAESEL, JORGEN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thomas McEvoy	3731				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 Se</u>	eptember 2009.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	/ _					
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 11-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 11-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
	·					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 September 2009</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF TOMIN PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	· /					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Bureau	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) M Notice of References Cited (RTO 903)	4) 🗖 Indonésia (0	(DTO 449)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P	atent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Uther:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-6, 9-12 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Browne (US 549,895).

Regarding claim 1, Browne discloses a tool capable of removing ticks and other like parasites from the skin (a tack shank can be comparable in size to a tick), which tool has an engagement part (a/a'/a²) with a bottom face and a top face (Figure 4), wherein a V-shaped groove (Figure 3) is provided that has side faces (Figure 2) between the bottom face and the top face at an edge (Figure 4; perpendicular to concave side faces) of the engagement part, which side edges converge towards each other from an outer opening at the edge towards an internal assembly point a2, said V-shaped groove being wider at the top face of the engagement part than it is at the underside (Figure 4), characterised in that a considerable portion of each side face of the V-shaped groove between the underside and the top face of the engagement part is constituted by a concave engagement face (Figure 4). At the bottom of the V-shaped groove, at a² of Figure 2, what can be regarded as a cutter blade is provided in level with the bottom face (see line 88). Regarding claim 2, a lowermost part of the concave engagement face is essentially in parallel with the bottom face (Figure 4). Regarding

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claims 3-5, the concave face can be regarded in the claimed manners. Regarding claim 6, each side face comprises a lowermost part (Figure 4; wall between side face and bottom face) that extends essentially perpendicularly from the bottom face and is connected to the concave engagement face. Regarding claim 9, an innermost part of the lowermost part of the side face is provided with parallel side faces (Figure 4). Regarding claim 11, the tool comprises a holder part C' provided with an upwardly protruding transverse beam B for supporting a thumb. Regarding claim 12, the tool comprises a holder part C' provided with an indentation (at C', Figure 1) for supporting a thumb. Regarding claim 14, a/a'/a2 forms a recess that can support a finger. Regarding claim 15, part C of the tool is plate shaped. Regarding claim 16, at least one recess is provided in the area between the engagement part and the holder part (lines 77-83).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

- 5. Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Browne (US 549,895) in view of Graue (US 1,101,845).
- 6. Regarding claims 7 and 8, Browne discloses a tack remover which is capable of removing ticks as described above. Browne does not disclose that the lowermost part of the side faces is increasing in height as claimed. Graue discloses a tack puller which has side faces which increase in height (at item 6, Figures 1 and 3; lines 60-65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of Graue to have increased the height of the Browne lowermost part as claimed because one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the tapering in height of Graue's V-shaped groove assists in wedging the tool under a tack. Examiner further contends that tapering the height of a v-shaped groove is old and well known in the art in order to wedge a tack or nail puller under a tack or nail head as evidenced by at least Benitez et al. (cited previously; additional references can be provided).
- 7. Claims 13 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Browne (US 549,895).

Regarding claim 13, Browne discloses the device as described above but fails to disclose ribs on the handle. However, it is well-known in the art to provide ribs on the handles hand tools to provide gripping support. It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have provided a ribbed area on the handle of Browne to provide gripping support. Regarding claim 17, Browne fails to disclose that the overall

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length (or the largest outer dimension) corresponds essentially to the dimensions of a credit card (3-4 inches). However, it is well-known in the art that small, hand-held prying instruments of this nature can have overall lengths of 3-4 inches (see References Cited). It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have constructed the device with this overall length as an obvious matter of design choice. Since Applicant failed to traverse examiner's assertions, the above well-known in the art statements (for claims 13 and 17) are taken to be admitted prior art (MPEP 2144.03 C)

Response to Amendment

8. Applicant's amendment to claim 9 has overcome the previous 35 U.S.C. 112 2nd rejection of record. Examiner appreciatively notes Applicant's compliance with the formal drawings request and has withdrawn the previous objection of record to the drawings.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed September 24th 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant has argued that Browne does not disclose a cutter blade as claimed. Examiner notes that Browne's engagement part is an already thin piece of metal which has been made even thinner by tapering its thickness (at a² in Figure 4) towards an edge. The item or section at a² in Figure 2 would certainly be capable of cutting some objects and can be considered as a cutter blade as claimed (see line 88 of Browne); where there are no further limitations to differentiate Applicant's cutter blade from Browne's. Applicant has not attempted to claim any functional capability for this blade; such as it being able to slice a tick body from an embedded

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head. Browne's blade would not (without any supporting evidence) be considered as having this capability. Applicant has argued that the cutter blade of Browne is not provided in level with the bottom face. Examiner believes that Figure 4 clearly shows the blade as being in level with at least a portion of the bottom face.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office Action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas McEvoy whose telephone number is (571) 270-5034. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00-6:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-4963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

12. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Thomas Mcevoy/ Examiner, Art Unit 3731

/Anhtuan T. Nguyen/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3731 12/18/09